# STATE OF FLORIDA STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION

TRANAE REY,

Petitioner,

VS.

Case No. 2013-2651

STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION, Respondent.

## **FINAL ORDER**

On May 14, 2013, the presiding officer submitted her Recommended Order to the State Board of Administration in this proceeding. A copy of the Recommended Order indicates that copies were served upon the pro se Petitioner, Tranae Rey, and upon counsel for the Respondent. Respondent filed a Proposed Recommended Order. Petitioner did not file a Proposed Recommended Order. Neither party filed exceptions, which were due on May 29, 2013. A copy of the Recommended Order is attached hereto as Exhibit A. The matter is now pending before the Senior Defined Contribution Programs Officer for final agency action.

#### **ORDERED**

The Recommended Order (Exhibit A) hereby is adopted in its entirety. The Petitioner's request that she be entitled to renewed membership in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), despite being an FRS Investment Plan retiree initially rehired in a regularly-established position after July 1, 2010, hereby is denied.

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Any party to this proceeding has the right to seek judicial review of the Final Order pursuant to Section 120.68, Florida Statutes, by the filing of a Notice of Appeal pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure, with the Clerk of the State Board of Administration in the Office of the General Counsel, State Board of Administration, 1801 Hermitage Boulevard, Suite 100, Tallahassee, Florida, 32308, and by filing a copy of the Notice of Appeal accompanied by the applicable filing fees with the appropriate District Court of Appeal. The Notice of Appeal must be filed within thirty (30) days from the date the Final Order is filed with the Clerk of the State Board of Administration.

DONE AND ORDERED this 4th day of June, 2013, in Tallahassee, Florida.

# STATE OF FLORIDA STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION

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Ron Poppell, Serier Defined Contribution Programs Officer State Board of Administration 1801 Hermitage Boulevard, Suite 100 Tallahassee, Florida 32308 (850) 488-4406

FILED ON THIS DATE PURSUANT TO SECTION 120.52, FLORIDA STATUTES WITH THE DESIGNATED CLERK OF THE STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION, RECEIPT OF WHICH IS HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGED.

Sann Tina Joanos

Agency Clerk

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Final Order was sent by UPS to Tranae Rey, *pro se*, **and by U.S. mail to Brian Newman and Brandice Dickson**, Esq., at Pennington, Moore, Wilkinson, Bell & Dunbar, P.A., P.O. Box 10095, Tallahassee, Florida 32302-2095, this

44 day of June, 2013.

Ruth A. Smith Assistant General Counsel State Board of Administration of Florida 1801 Hermitage Boulevard Suite 100 Tallahassee, FL 32308

# STATE OF FLORIDA STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION

TRANAE REY,

Petitioner,

vs.

Case No.: 2013-2651

STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION,

Respondent.

#### **RECOMMENDED ORDER**

This case was heard in an informal proceeding pursuant to Section 120.57(2), Florida Statutes, before the undersigned presiding officer for the State of Florida, State Board of Administration (SBA) on March 5, 2013, at the SBA offices, 1801 Hermitage Blvd. Suite 100, Tallahassee, Florida. The appearances were as follows:

#### **APPEARANCES**

For Petitioner:

Tranae Rey, pro se

Petitioner

For Respondent:

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Brian A. Newman, Esquire Pennington, P.A. 215 S. Monroe Street, Suite 200 Tallahassee, Florida 32301

#### STATEMENT OF THE ISSUE

The issue is whether Petitioner is entitled to renewed membership in the Florida Retirement System (FRS).

#### PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

Petitioner attended the hearing by telephone and testified on her own behalf. Respondent presented the testimony of Daniel Beard, Director of Policy, Risk Management, and Compliance, State Board of Administration. Respondent's Exhibits R-1 through R-3 were admitted to the record without objection.

A transcript of the hearing was made, filed with the agency, and provided to the parties, who were invited to submit proposed recommended orders within 30 days. Respondent filed a proposed recommended order; Petitioner made no further filings.

## MATERIAL UNDISPUTED FACTS

1. Petitioner was hired by the Department of Transportation on September 17, 2003 and elected to enroll in the FRS Investment Plan (the defined contribution optional retirement plan) effective February 23, 2004.

2. On June 1, 2006, Petitioner terminated FRS-covered employment.

3. Petitioner took a total distribution from her Investment Plan account on October 10, 2006 and transferred that money to another retirement account (a rollover.) She was 25 years old at the time.

4. In 2009, section 121.122, Florida Statutes was amended to prohibit retirees who return to work with an FRS-covered agency after July 1, 2010 from participating in the FRS.

5. Petitioner returned to work with an FRS-covered agency on November 19, 2012. After returning to work, she was advised that she could not participate in the FRS because she was considered to have "retired" when she took a distribution from her Investment Plan account in October, 2006.

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6. Petitioner filed a Request for Intervention asking that the 2009 amendment not apply to her because she does not meet the definition of a "retiree." This request was denied and a Petition for Hearing was timely filed. This administrative proceeding followed.

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

7. During the 2009 legislative session, the Florida Legislature revised Section 121.122, Florida Statutes to exclude from renewed membership in the FRS any retiree who becomes reemployed on or after July 1, 2010. The amended statute states in pertinent part that:

121.122. Renewed membership in system

(2) A retiree of a state-administered retirement system who is initially reemployed on or after July 1, 2010, is not eligible for renewed membership.

§ 121.122, Fla. Stat. (2009)

8. A "retiree" is defined as "a former participant of the optional retirement program who has terminated employment and has taken a distribution as provided in section 121.591, Florida Statutes." § 121.4501(2)(k), Fla. Stat. (2006). A "rollover" is a "distribution." § 121.591(c)2., Fla. Stat. (2006). Petitioner is considered a retiree because she terminated FRS-covered employment and took a rollover distribution from her Investment Plan account in 2006. She is ineligible for renewed membership in the FRS under the 2009 amendment to section 121.122, Florida Statutes because her return to work with an FRS-covered agency occurred after July 1, 2010.

9. Petitioner argues that application of the 2009 amendment to her is unduly harsh because she was not told that she would be denied renewed FRS membership when she made the decision to take a rollover distribution in 2006. She was not told she would be ineligible for FRS benefits upon return to FRS-covered service because that was not the state of the law in 2006.

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Petitioner contends that the result here could not have been intended by the Legislature when it adopted the 2009 amendment.

10. The legislative history of the passage of the 2009 amendment makes clear that the Legislature was aware of the potentially onerous effects the change in the law could have on young participants. As the agency affected by a change in the statute it administers, Respondent submitted an analysis of House Bill 479 to the Full Appropriations Council on General Government & Health Case which stated:

HB 479 would also close the renewed membership class to retirees of a state-administered retirement system initially reemployed by a Florida Retirement System participating employer on or after January 1, 2010. However, this bill would require employer contributions to be paid on the salary of reemployed retirees who are not enrolled as renewed members to maintain the funding base for the Health Insurance Subsidy Program. In addition, this bill would require the employer to pay any unfunded actuarial liability portion of the employer contribution rate for active members if an unfunded actuarial liability cost reemerges. The bill does not provide for the paying of the Investment Plan administrative contribution.

Retirees initially employed before January 1, 2010, would continue their renewed membership and employers would continue to owe the total employer contribution rate for these renewed members. As the number of retirees who are enrolled as renewed members in the FRS is reduced over time, this would gradually reduce the overall cost to employers. In the longer-term, these changes could result in savings to the FRS Pension Plan by limiting future liabilities for renewed membership and by altering retirement patterns based upon plans for returning to work within a few months of terminating employment. The actual impact would have to be determined by an actuarial special study conducted by the Division of Retirement's consulting actuary.

Closing the Renewed Membership Class to future participation would impact not only those reemployed retirees who retired at normal retirement, but it would also impact those who retired early.

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Under the FRS Pension Plan a member becomes vested with six years of service. A retiree may take an early retirement if vested and within 20 years of the normal retirement age. However, in doing so the benefit is reduced by five percent for each year remaining before the retiree reaches normal retirement age. For retirees of the Special Risk Class, the earliest a member could receive an early retirement benefit would be at age 35 and one month. For retirees of the other membership classes, early retirement benefit would be at age 42 and one month if vested. These early retirement retirees would be ineligible for renewed membership should they return to FRS employment.

Under the FRS Investment Plan, a participant vests after only one year of service. If a member terminates and takes a distribution, he or she is considered a retiree and ineligible for renewed membership in the FRS. <u>Conceivably, a retiree who participated in the Investment Plan for one year and took a distribution at the age of 24 could later return to work for an FRS employer for 30 years or more and never be eligible for a retirement benefit. This could impact the ability of FRS employer's (sic) to recruit employees in the future.</u>

Florida State Board of Administration Report to Full Appropriations Council on General Government & Health Care on HB # 479, Feb. 16, 2009, p. 5 (emphasis added). The Legislature was made aware of the harsh result which could be caused by absolutely precluding those deemed by operation of law to be retirees from ever again participating in the FRS, and with this awareness, enacted section 121.122 as it currently reads.

11. Denial of the Petitioner's request in this case is consistent with the denial of other similar requests the Respondent has received by former FRS members who made the decision to retire before the 2009 amendment was enacted. See <u>Blaesser v. State Board of Administration</u>, Case No. 2011-2106 (Recommended Order, October 6, 2011; Final Order October 28, 2011); affirmed, 2012 WL 4094804 (Fla. 1st DCA 2012)(holding application of 2009 amendment is not unconstitutional as applied to a rehiree who retired before the amendment was adopted). Petitioner does not have a "vested" right to future benefits under the FRS after she retired. See,

<u>Fla. Sheriff's Assn. v. Dept. of Adm.</u>, 408 So.2d 1033 (Fla.1982)(holding that Florida's constitutional prohibition of impairment of contracts does not prohibit the legislature from modifying or altering prospective FRS benefits). See also <u>Scott v. Williams</u>, Case No. SC12-520, (Fla. 2013).

12. Petitioner meets the definition of a "retiree" and returned to work with an FRScovered agency well after the 2009 amendment became effective. The result here is required by the plain meaning of the 2009 amendment and was intended by the Legislature. Petitioner's objective in requesting this hearing was to highlight the unfairness of the law as applied to her, and she is aware that changes to the law must come from the Legislature.

13. Respondent SBA lacks the authority to grant Petitioner the relief she seeks in this proceeding.

## RECOMMENDATION

Having considered the law and the undisputed facts of record, I recommend that Respondent, State Board of Administration, issue a final order denying the relief requested.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this / 4th day of May, 2013.

Anne Longman, Esquire Presiding Officer For the State Board of Administration Lewis, Longman & Walker, P.A. 315 South Calhoun Street, Suite 830 Tallahassee, FL 32301-1872

# NOTICE OF RIGHT TO SUBMIT EXCEPTIONS: THIS IS NOT A FINAL ORDER

All parties have the right to submit written exceptions within 15 days from the date of this Recommended Order. Any exceptions must be filed with the Agency Clerk of the State Board of Administration and served on opposing counsel at the addresses shown below. The SBA then will enter a Final Order which will set out the final agency decision in this case.

Filed via electronic delivery with: Agency Clerk Office of the General Counsel Florida State Board of Administration 1801 Hermitage Blvd., Suite 100 Tallahassee, FL 32308 Tina.joanos@sbafla.com Daniel.Beard@sbafla.com (850) 488-4406

This /4Th day of May, 2013.

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Copies furnished to:

Via U.S. Mail

Petitioner

Via electronic delivery: Brian A. Newman, Esquire Brandice D. Dickson Pennington, Moore, Wilkinson Bell & Dunbar Post Office Box 10095 Tallahassee, FL 32302-2095 <u>slindsey@penningtonlaw.com</u> Attorneys for Respondent

the Attorney